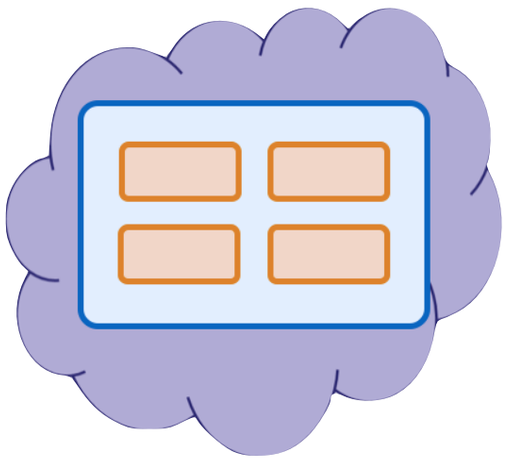
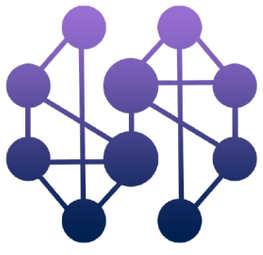
Programming and Proving with Distributed Protocols

Disel: Distributed Separation Logic



$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\}$$

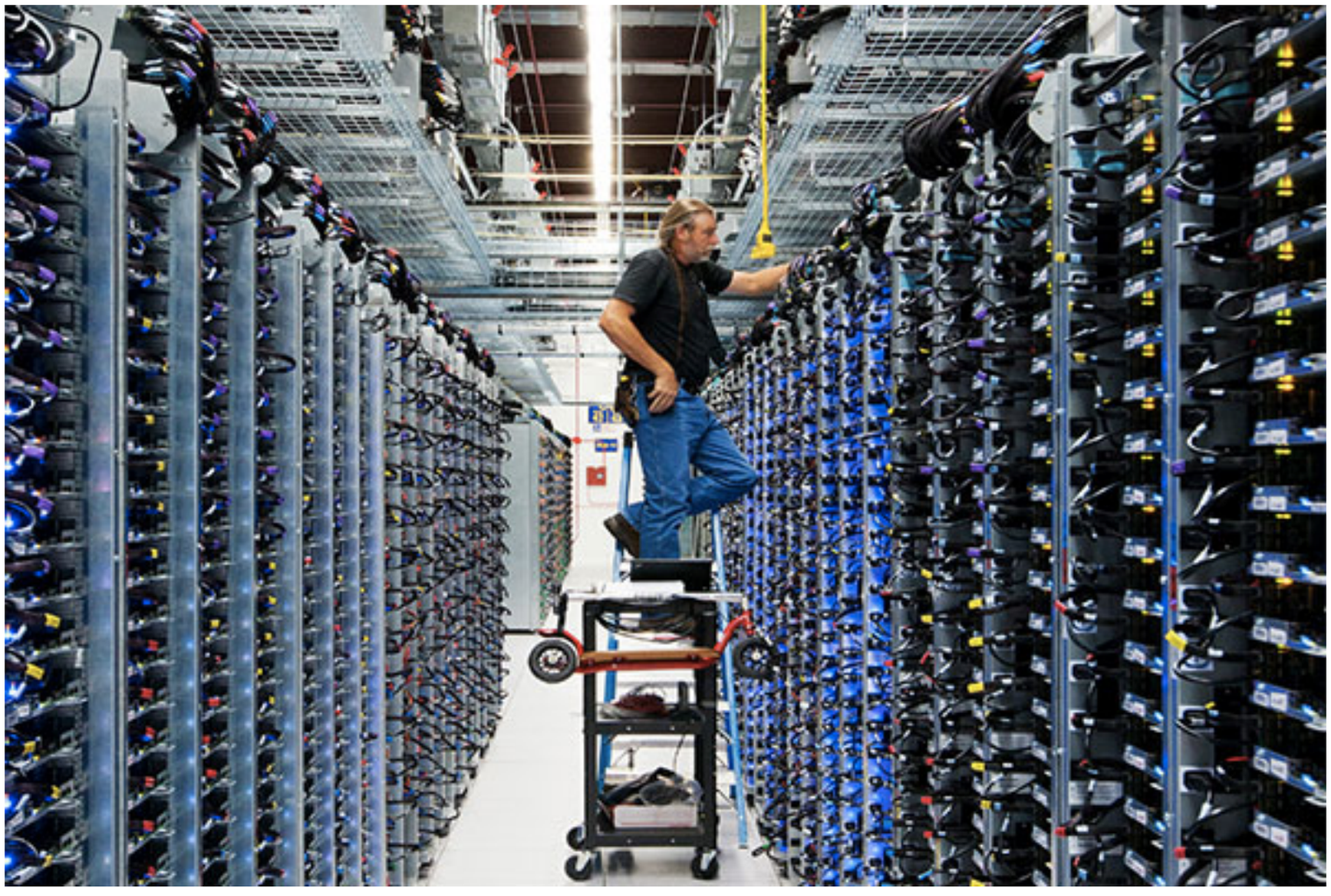


http://distributedcomponents.net

Ilya Sergey **James R. Wilcox** Zach Tatlock

UCL PLSE UW PAUL G. ALLEN SCHOOL OF COMPUTER SCIENCE & ENGINEERING

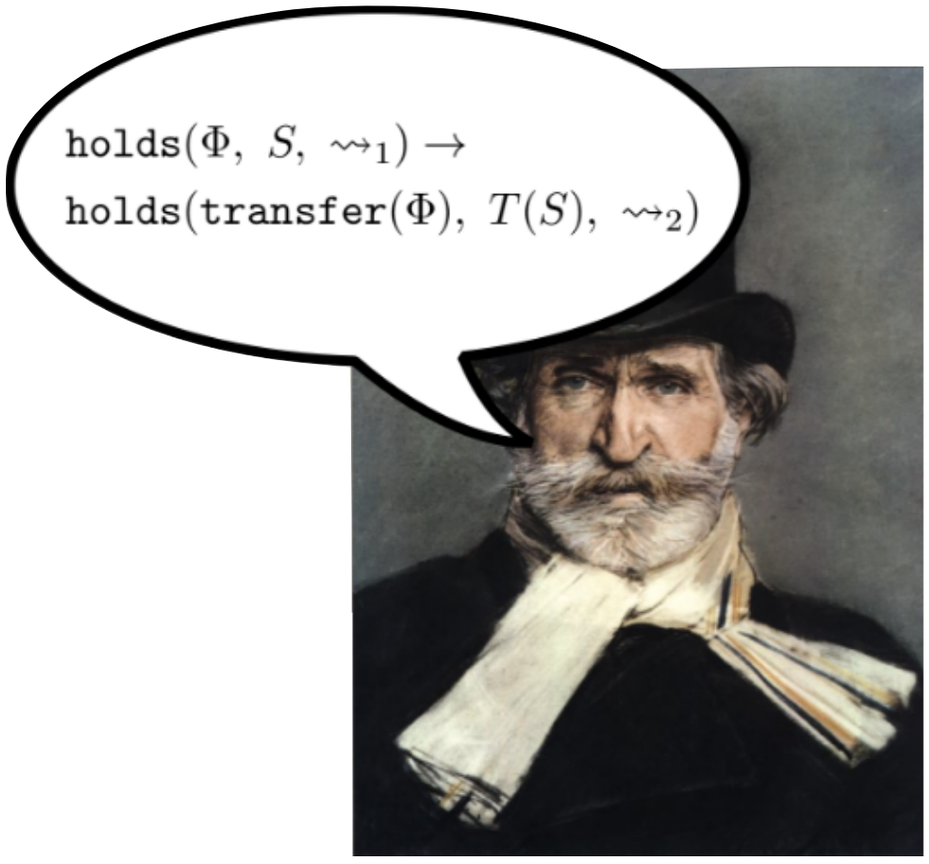
Distributed Systems

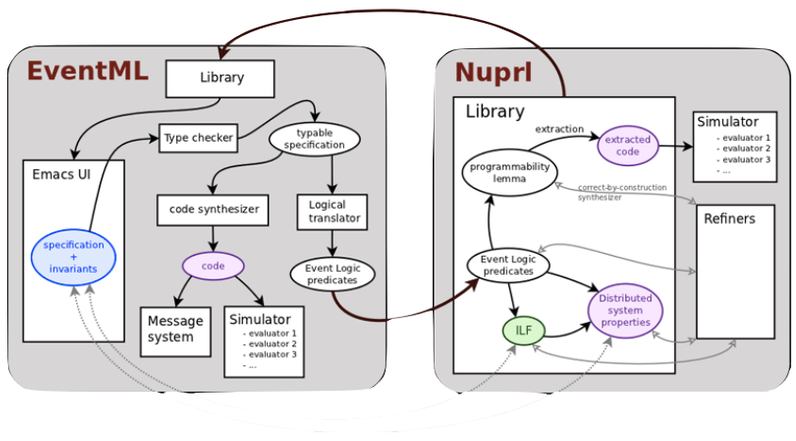


Distributed *Infrastructure*

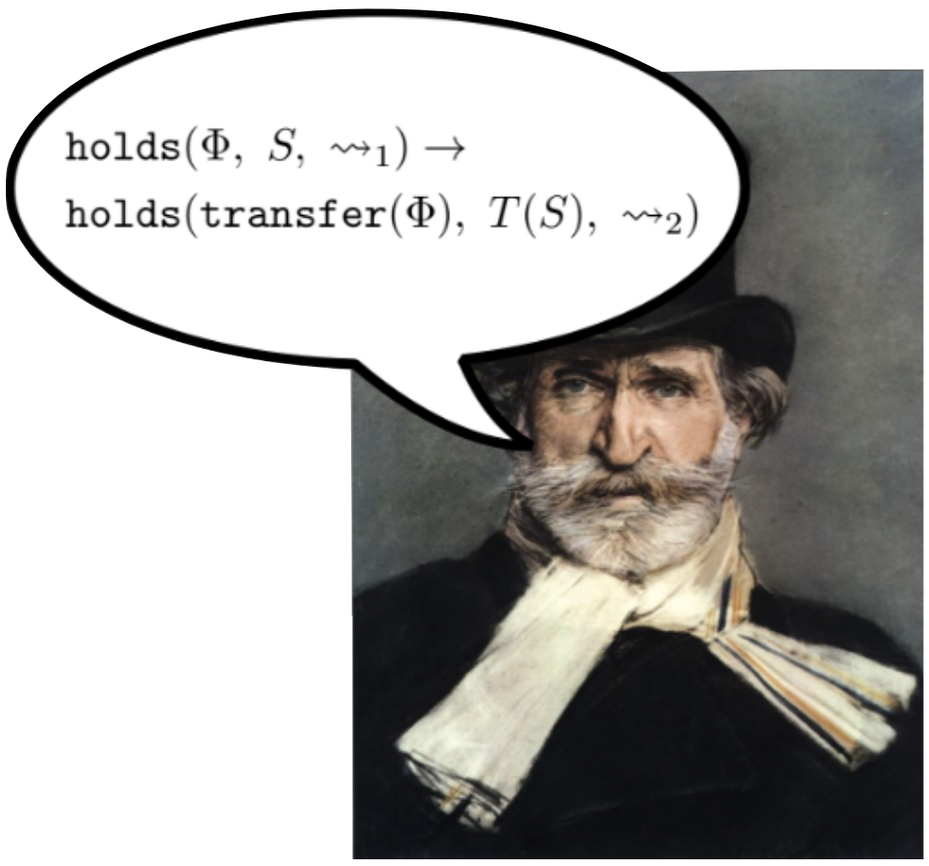
Distributed *Applications*

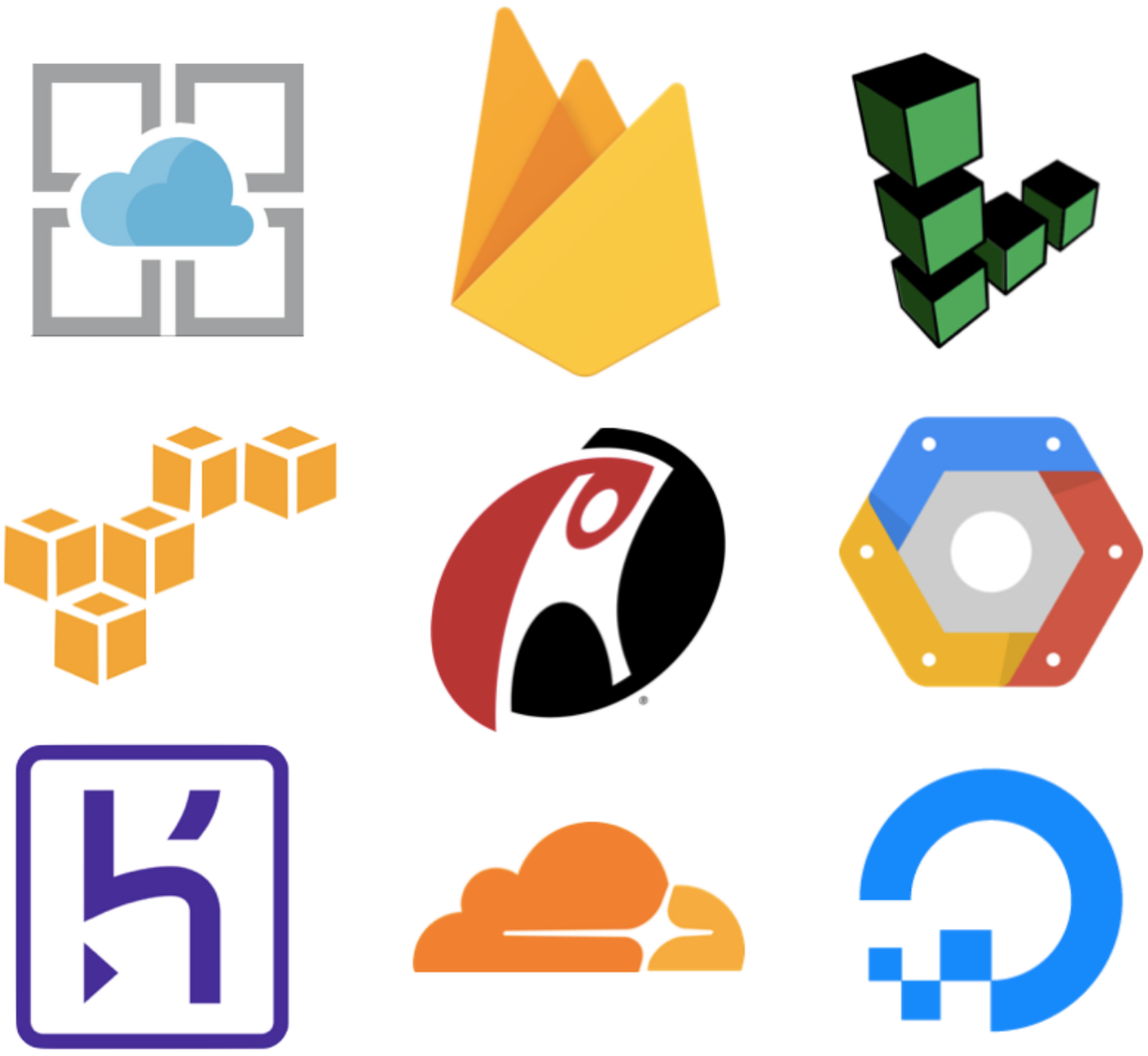
Verified Distributed Systems





Verified Distributed *Infrastructure*





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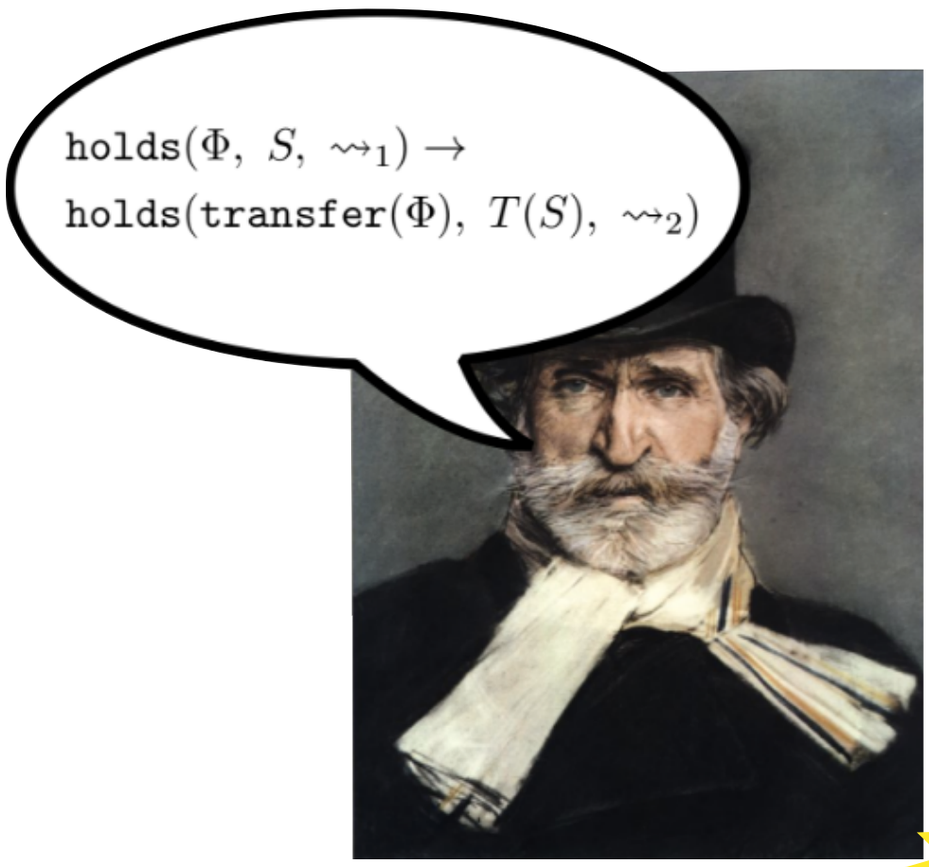


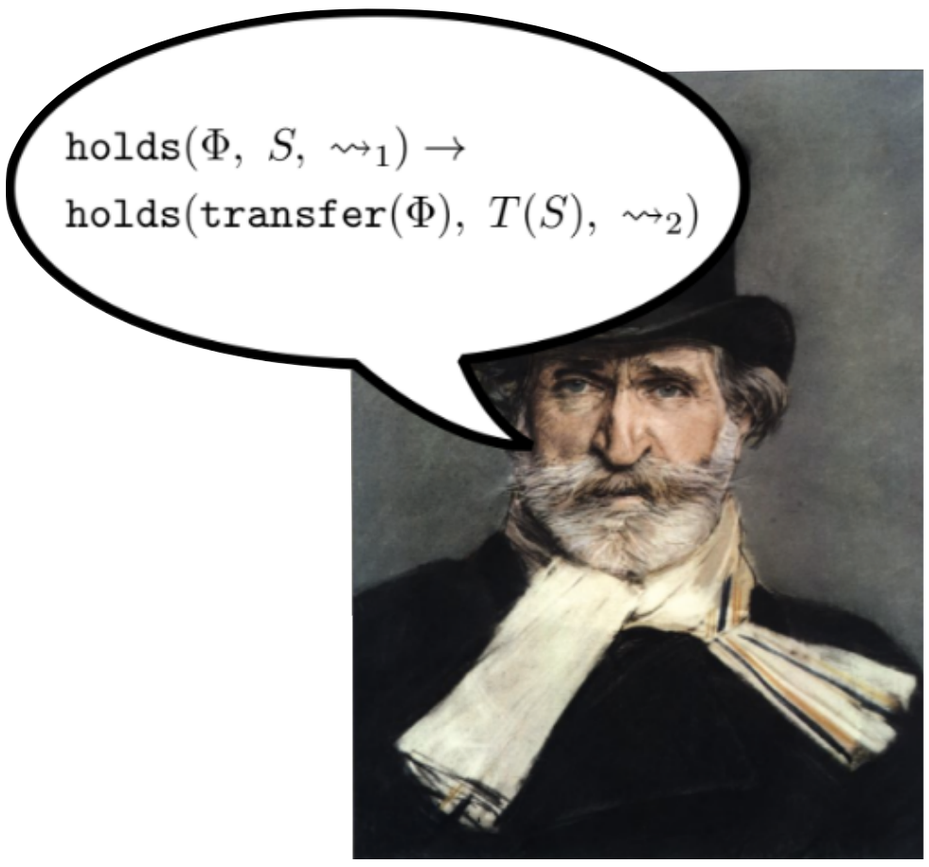
Veri-

Wow

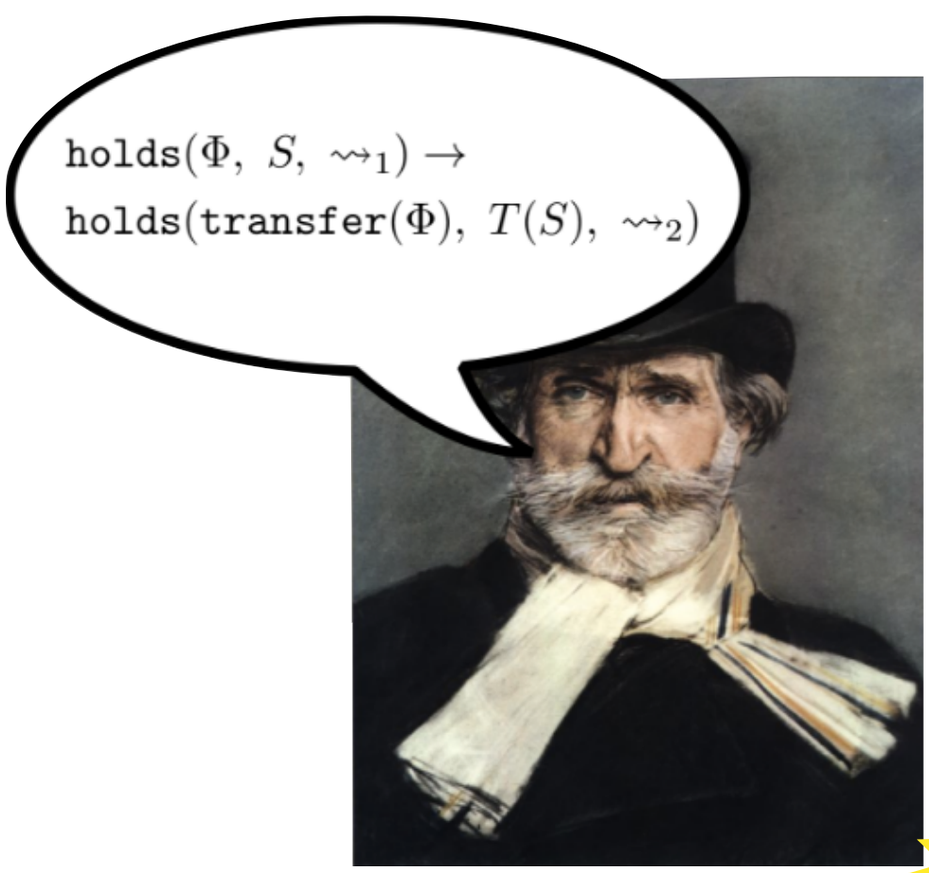
Iron

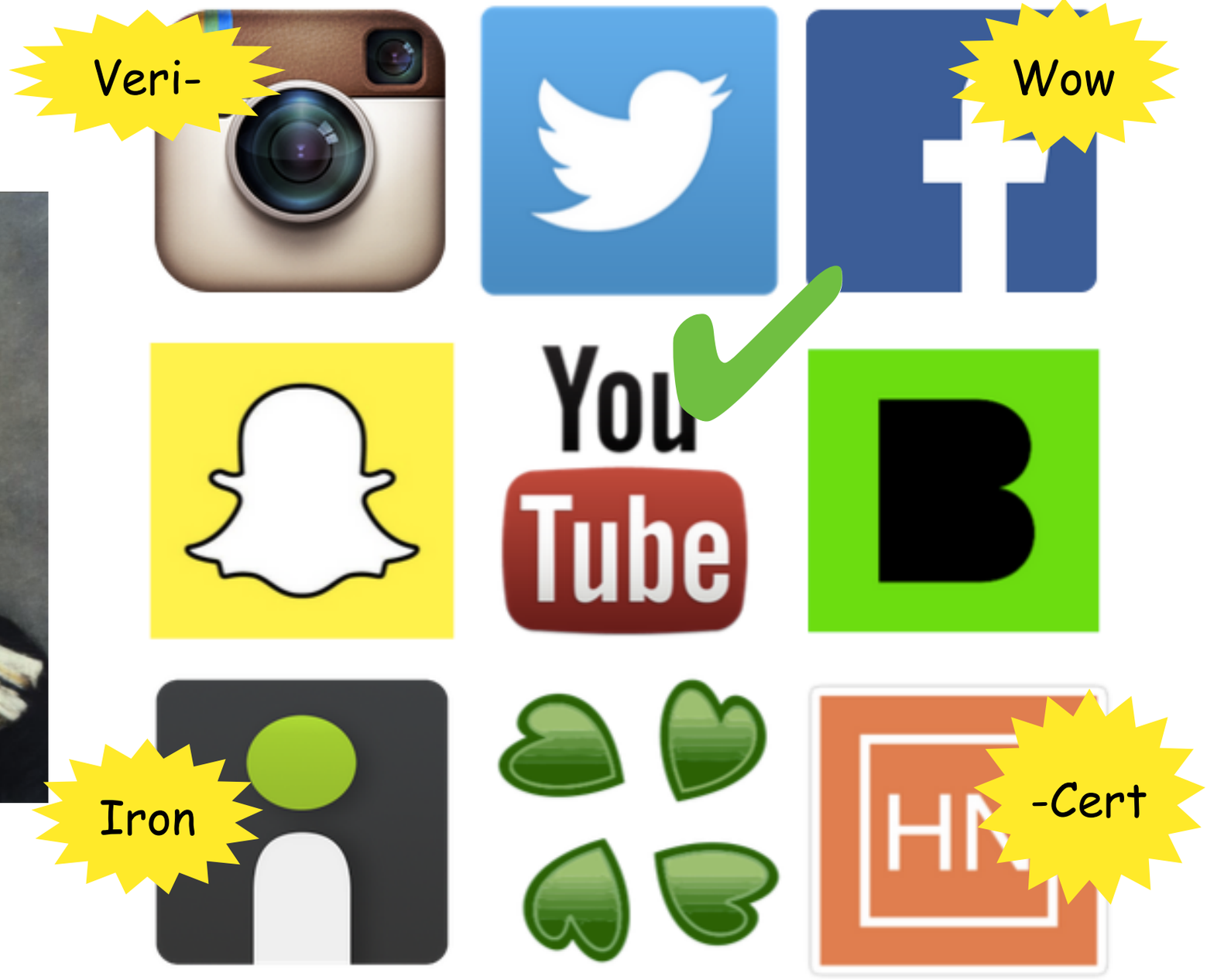
-Cert

Verified Distributed *Applications*



Verified Distributed *Applications*





Verified Distributed *Applications*

Challenging to verify apps in terms of infra.
starting from scratch is unacceptable

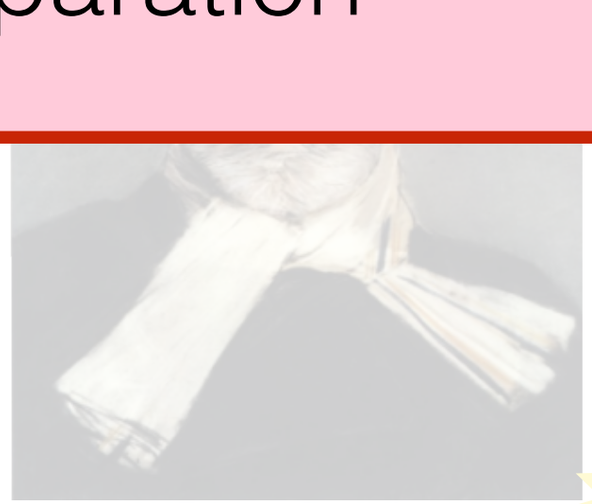
Indicates deeper problems with composition
one node's client is another's server!

Challenges

Client reasoning

Invariants

Separation



Challenges

Client reasoning

Invariants

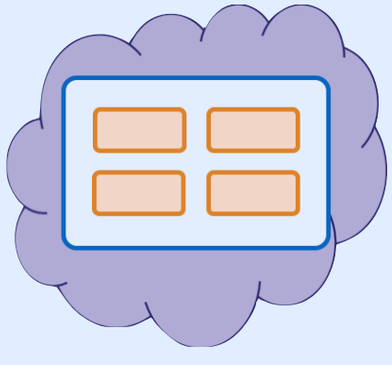
Separation

Solutions

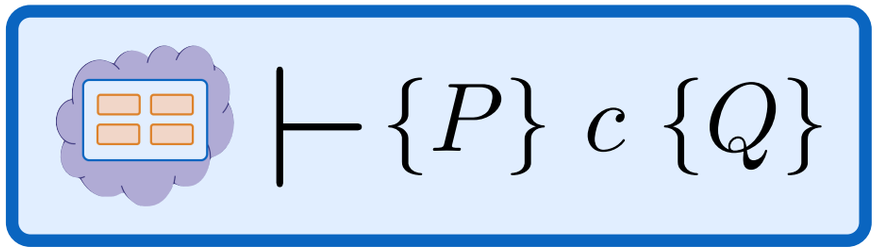
Protocols

WithInv rule

Frame rule/Hooks

Disel:  $\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\}$

Outline



Protocols and running example

Logical mechanisms

programming with protocols
invariants
framing and hooks

Implementation and future work

Cloud Compute

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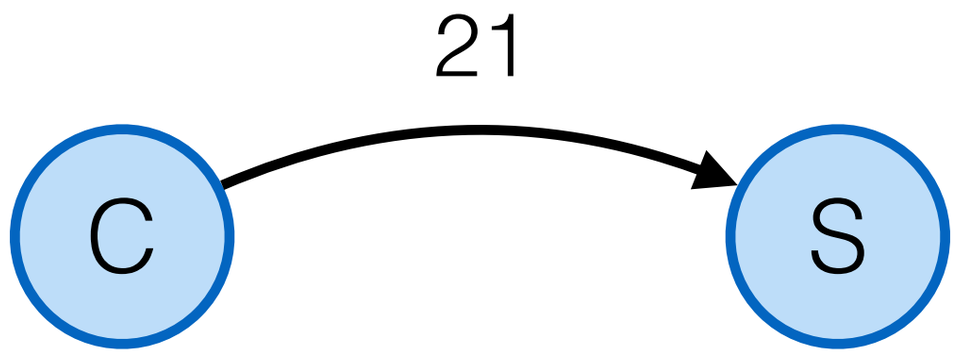

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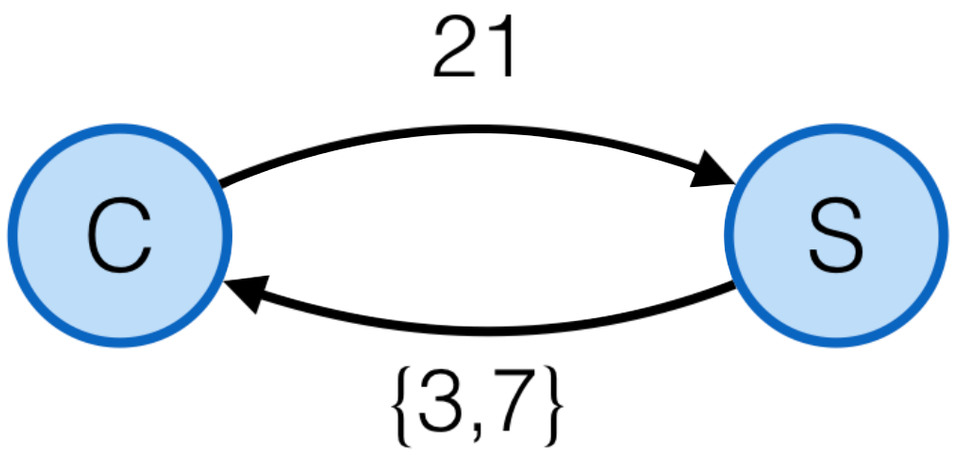

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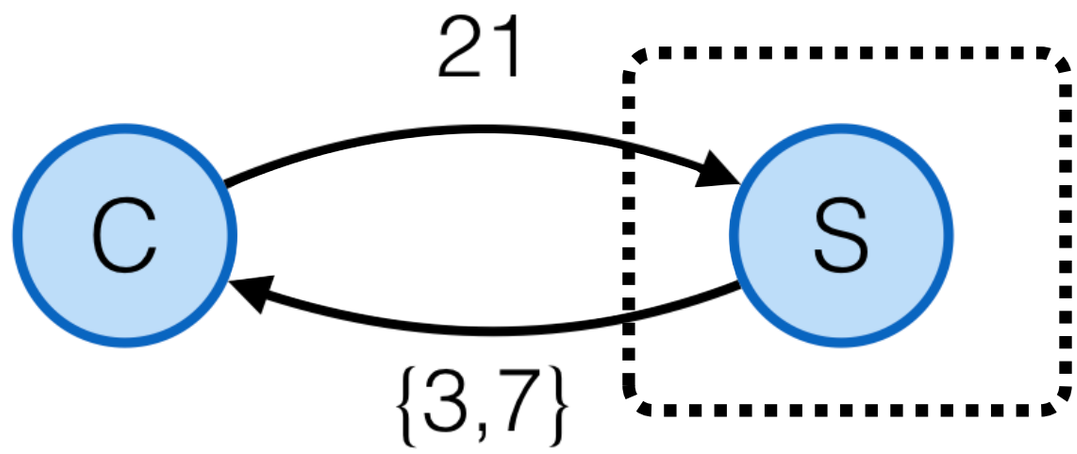

Cloud Compute: Server

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while true:
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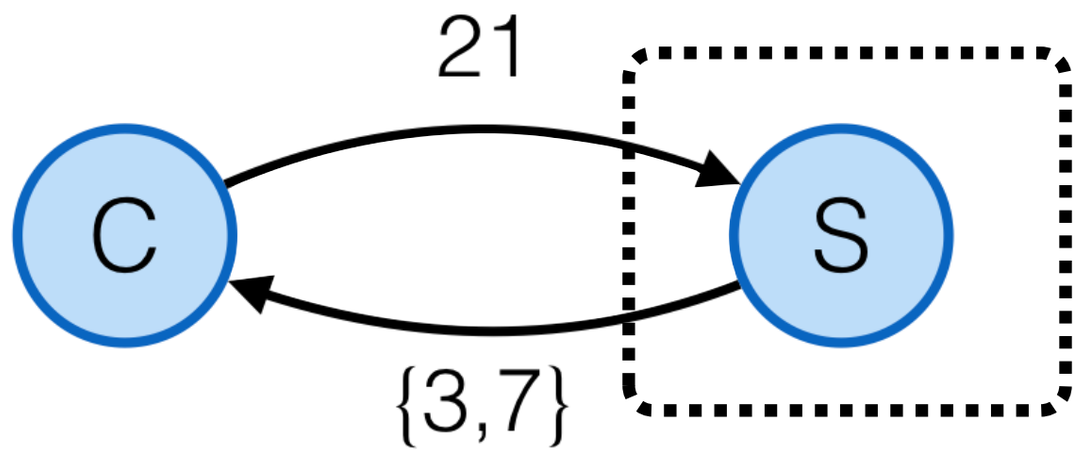
Traditional specification:

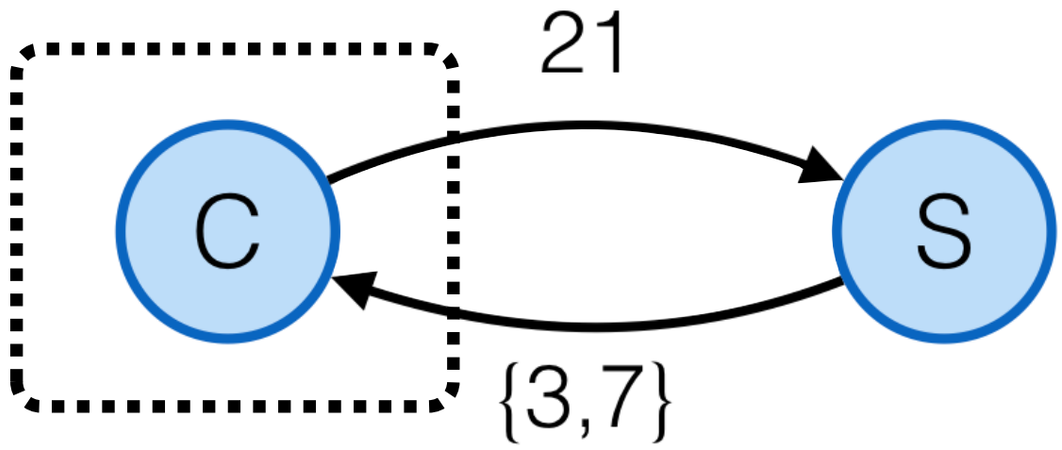
messages from server have correct factors

Proved by finding an invariant of the system

Cloud Compute: Server



Cloud Compute: Client



Cloud Compute: Client

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(_, ans) <- recv Resp
assert ans == {3, 7}
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Start over with clients in system?

Cloud Compute: Client

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(_, ans) <- recv Resp
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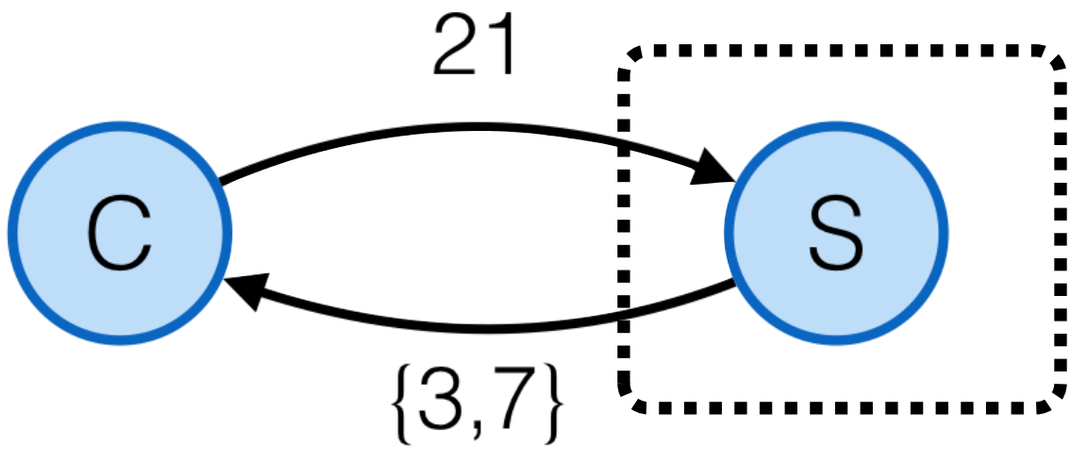
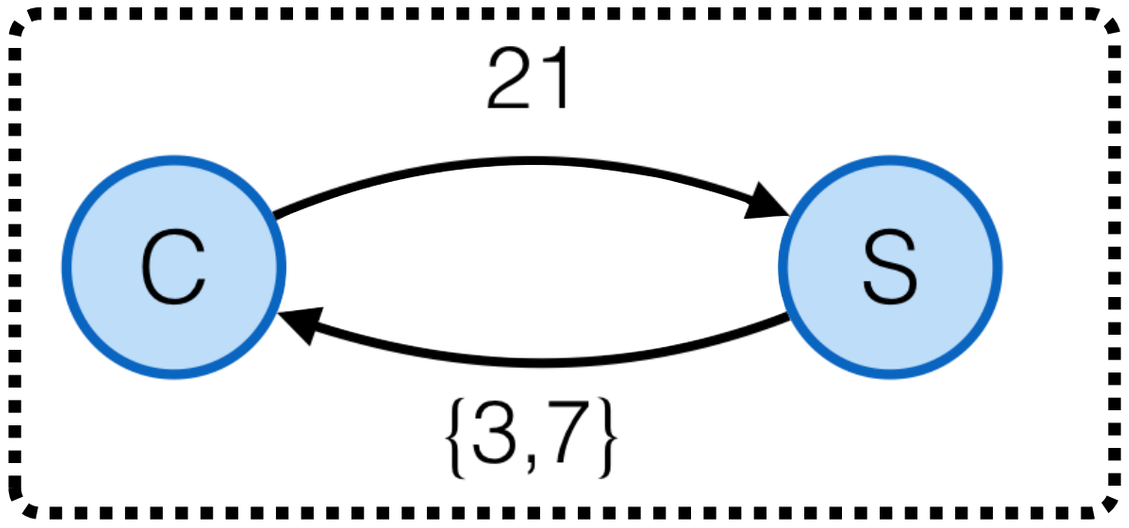
Start over with clients in system?

In Disel: use protocol to describe client interface

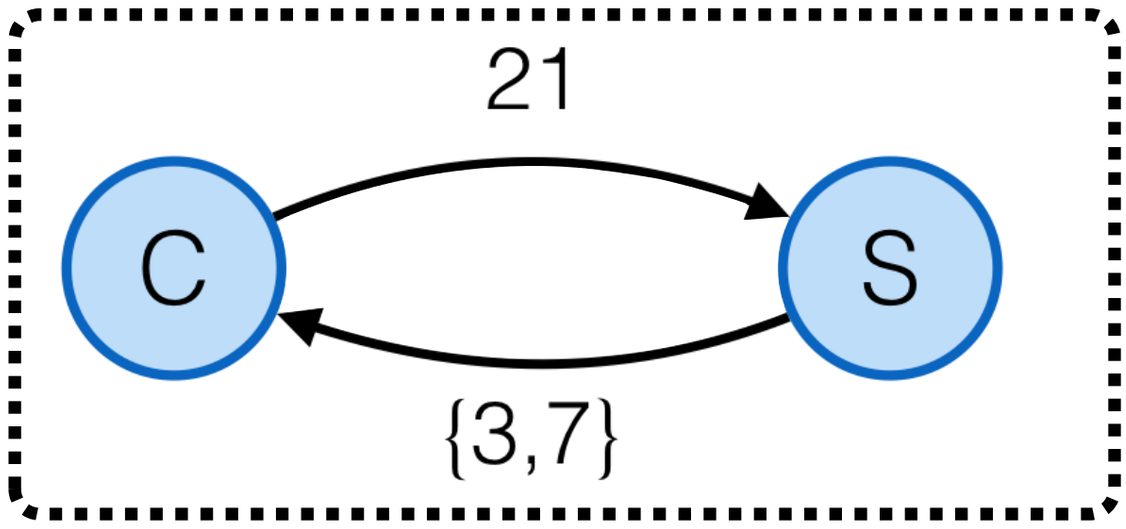
Protocols



Protocols

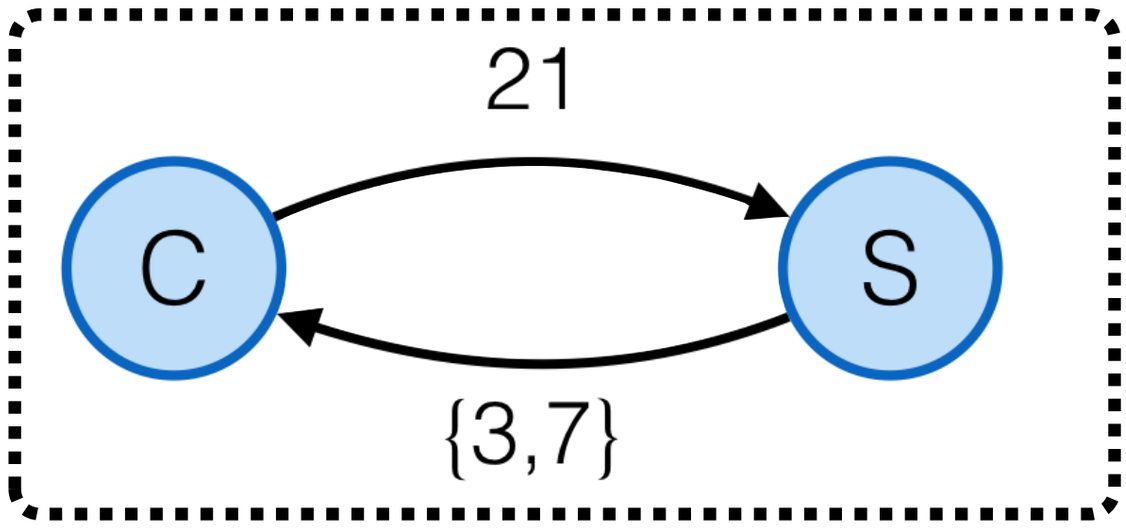


Protocols



A protocol is an **interface** among nodes

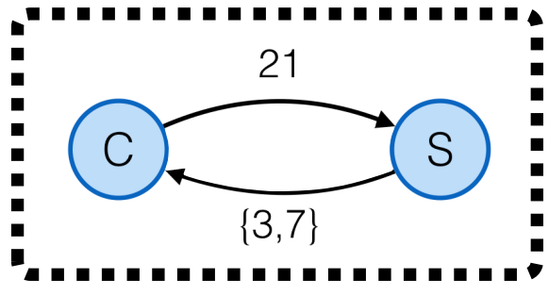
Protocols



A protocol is an **interface** among nodes

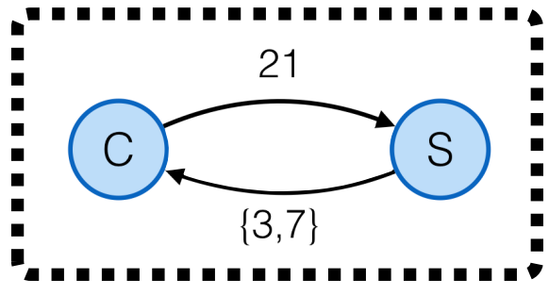
Enables compositional verification

Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages:

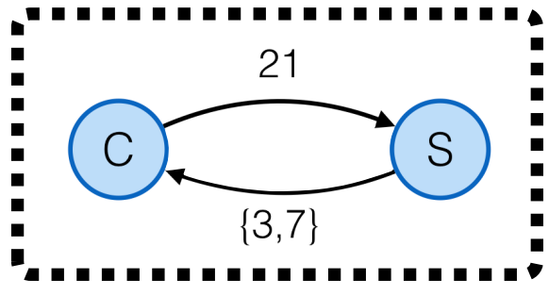
Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages:

State:

Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages:

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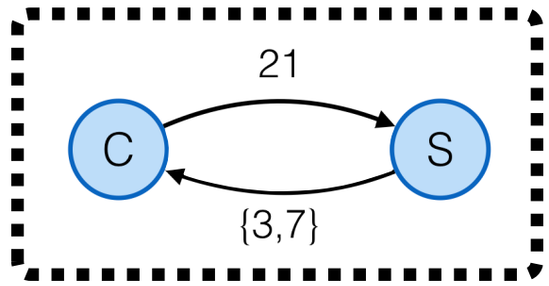


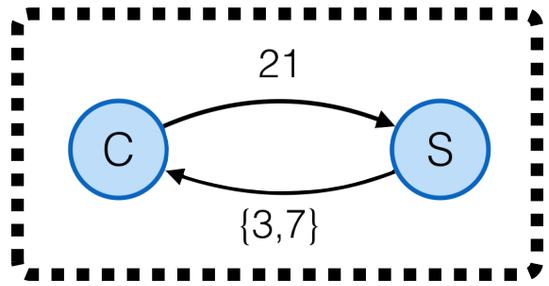
Messages:

State:

Transitions:

Sends: precondition and effect

Cloud Compute Protocol



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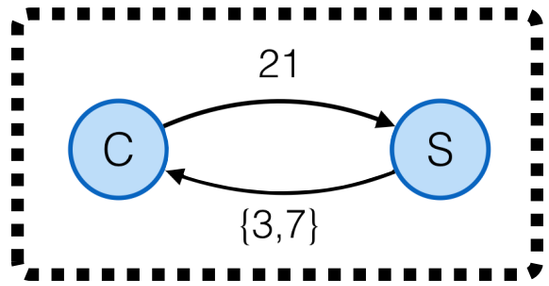

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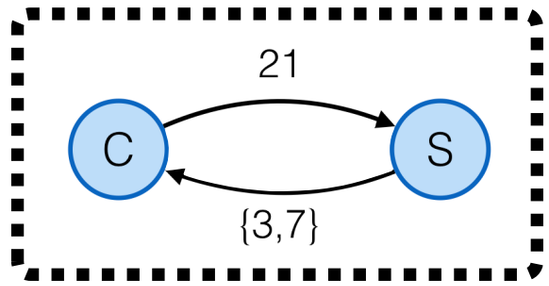


Messages: `Req(n) | Resp(n,s)`

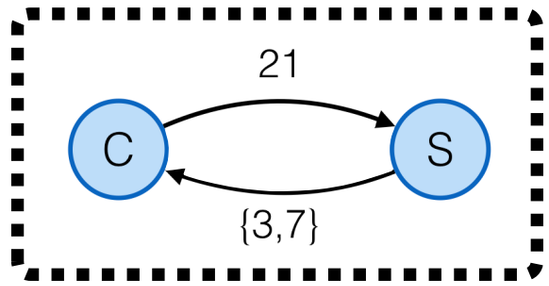
State:

Transitions:

Sends:

Receives:

Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages: `Req(n) | Resp(n,s)`

State: `outstanding: Set<Msg>`

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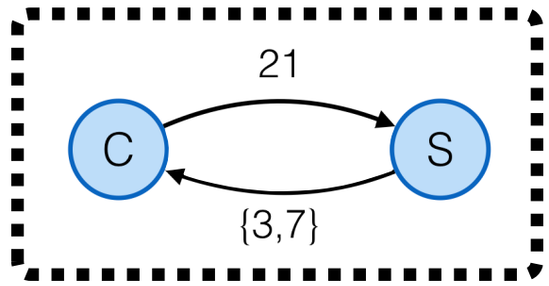
Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages: `Req(n) | Resp(n,s)`

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Transitions:

Sends: `Req` `Resp`

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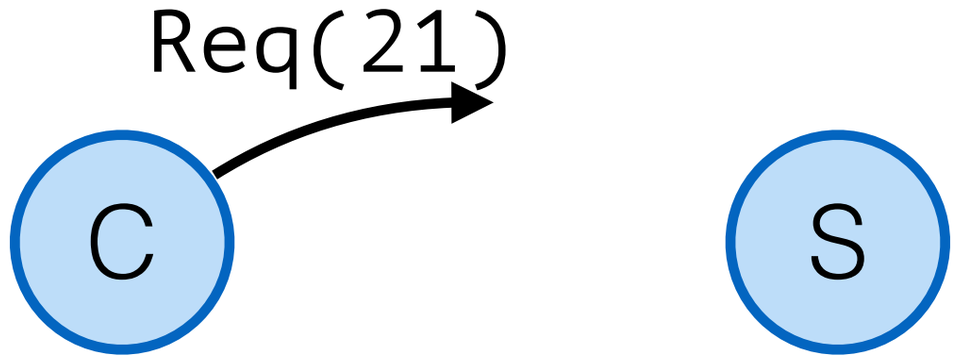
Cloud Compute

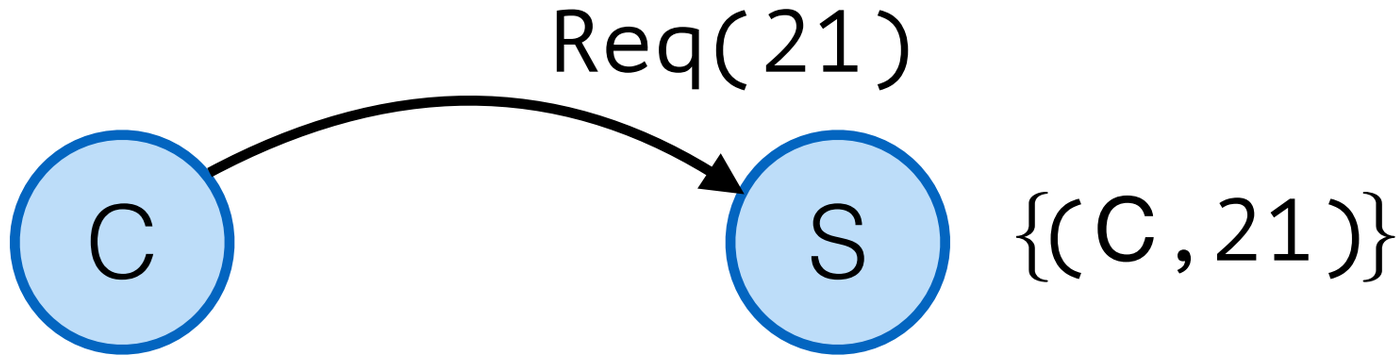


Send `Req(n)`

Precondition: none

Effect: none

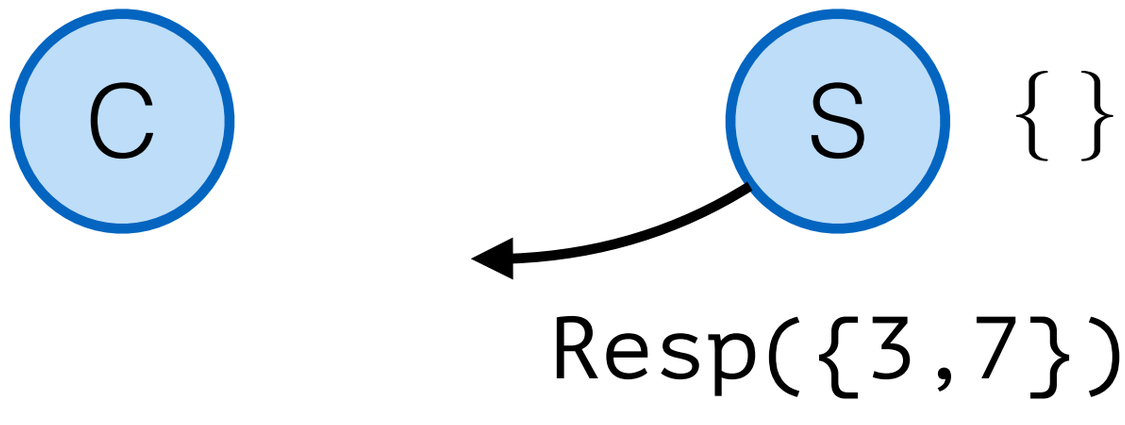
Cloud Compute



Receive `Req(n)`

Effect: add `(from, n)` to `out`

Cloud Compute



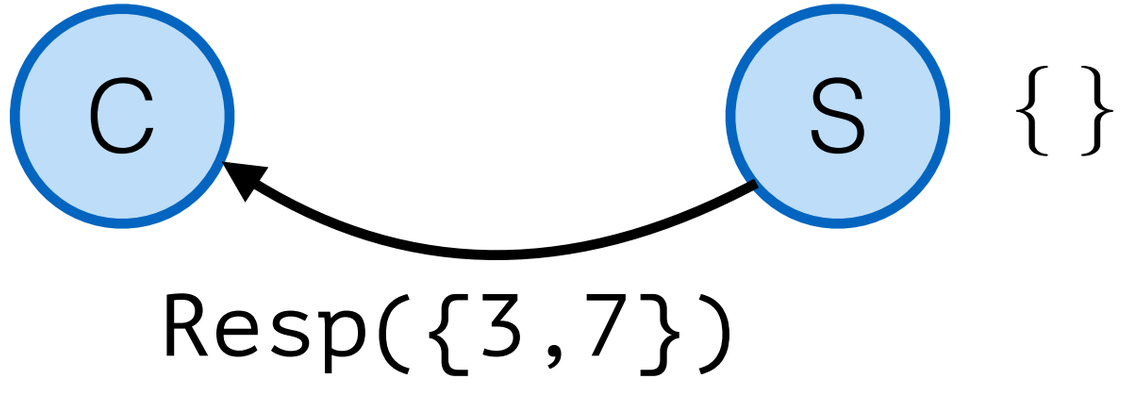
Send `Resp(n,l)`

Requires: `l == factors(n)`

`(n,to)` in `out`

Effect: removes `(n,to)` from `out`

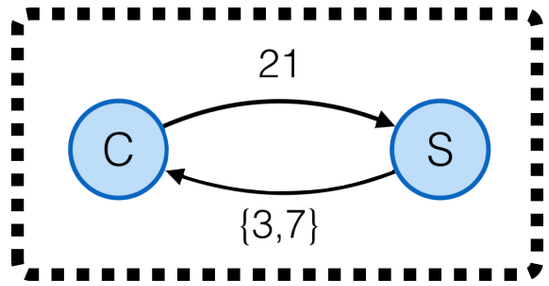
Cloud Compute



Recv `Resp(n,l)`

Effect: none

Cloud Compute Protocol



Messages: `Req(n) | Resp(n,s)`

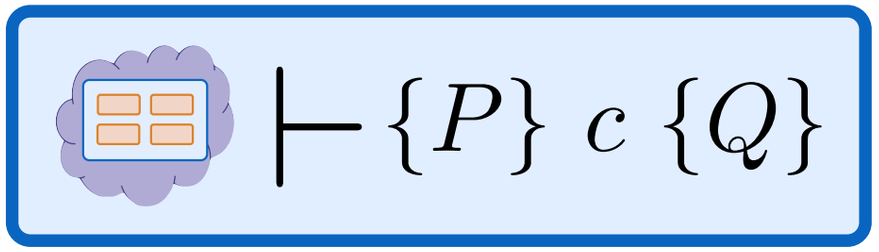
State: `outstanding: Set<Msg>`

Transitions:

Sends: `Req` `Resp`

Receives: `Req` `Resp`

Outline



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Precondition on **`send`** requires correct factors

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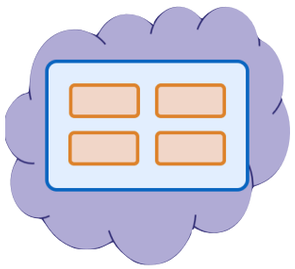

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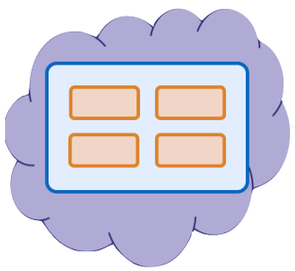

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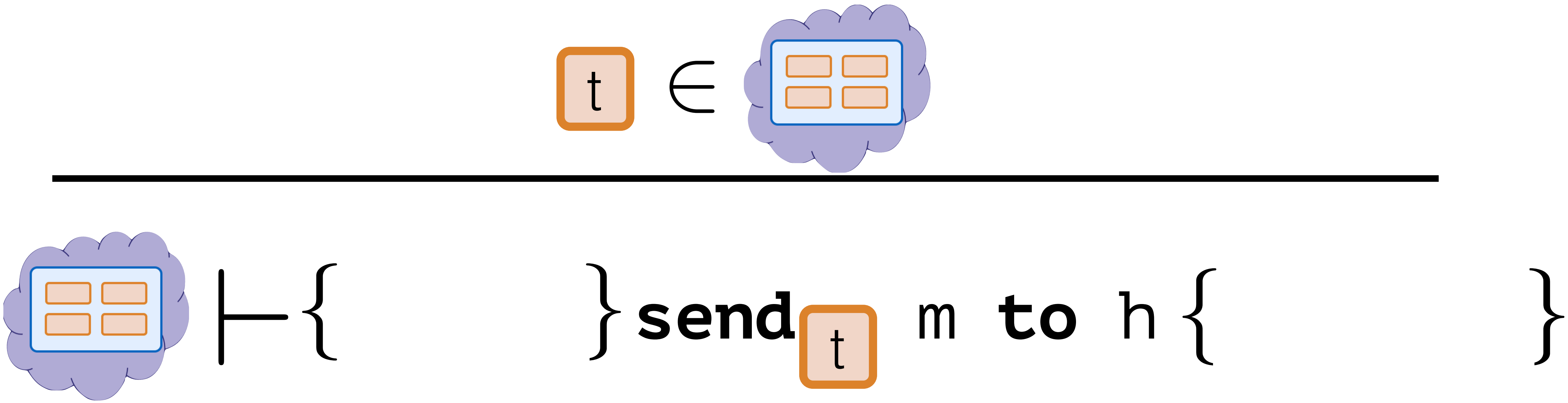


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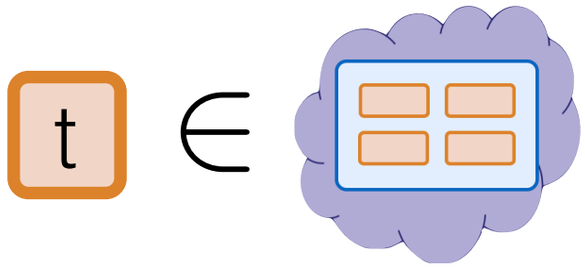

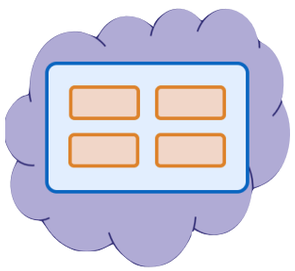

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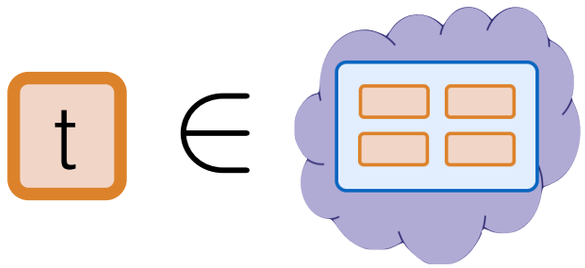

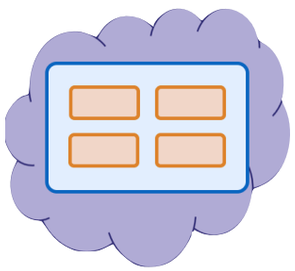

$$\vdash \{Pre_{t}\}\ \texttt{send}_{t}\ \texttt{m}\ \texttt{to}\ \texttt{h}\ \{sent_{t}(\texttt{m},\texttt{h})\}$$

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Precondition on **send** requires correct factors

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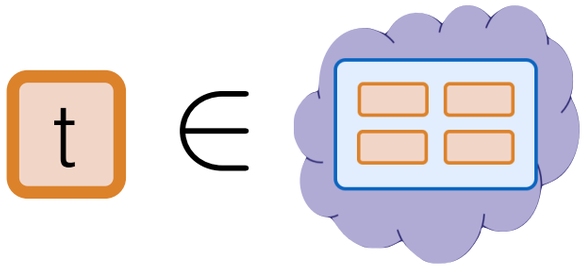

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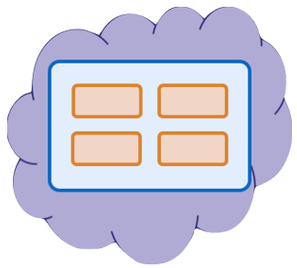
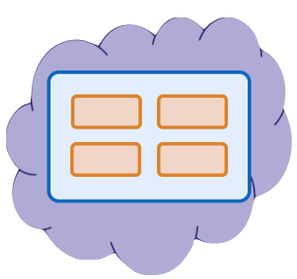
Protocol Invariants

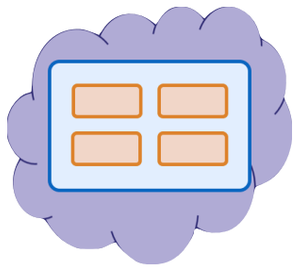


$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad I \text{ inductive}$$

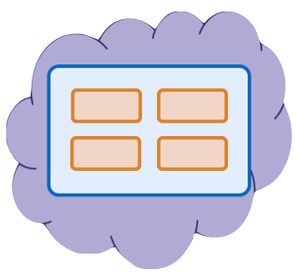


$$\vdash \{P \wedge I\}\ c\ \{Q \wedge I\}$$

Protocol Invariants



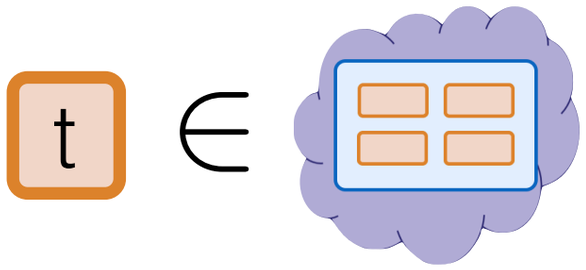
$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad I \text{ inductive}$$



$$\vdash' \{P \wedge I\}\ c\ \{Q \wedge I\}$$

Protocol where every state satisfies I

Cloud Compute: Client



```
send Req(21) to server
(_, ans) <- recv Resp
assert ans == {3, 7}
```

Now **recv** ensures correct factors

Cloud Compute: More Clients

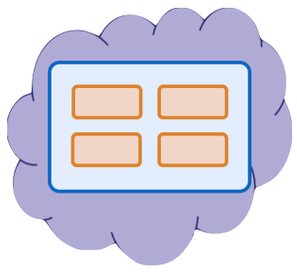
```
send Req(21) to server₁
send Req(35) to server₂
(_, ans₁) <- recv Resp
(_, ans₂) <- recv Resp
assert ans₁ ∪ ans₂ == {3, 5, 7}
```

Cloud Compute: More Clients

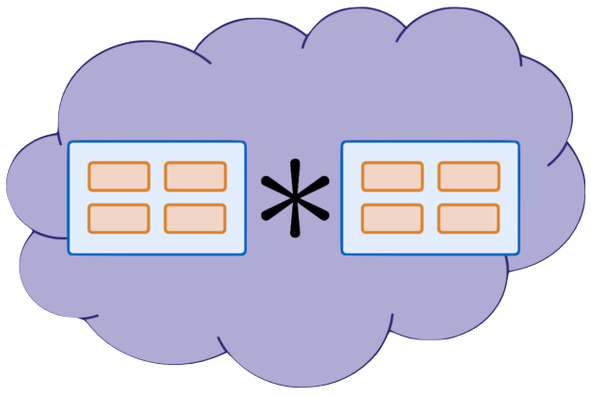
```
send Req(21) to server₁
send Req(35) to server₂
(_, ans₁) <- recv Resp
(_, ans₂) <- recv Resp
assert ans₁ ∪ ans₂ == {3, 5, 7}
```

Same protocol enables verification

Frame rule

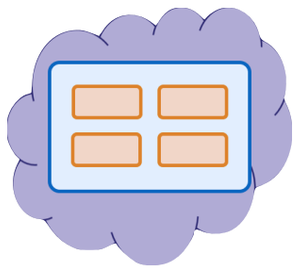


$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad R \text{ stable}$$

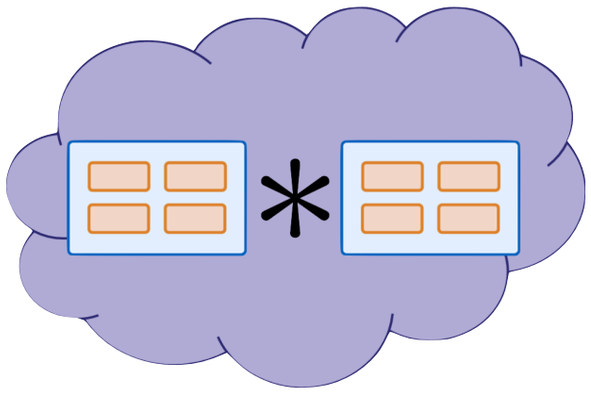


$$\vdash \{P * R\}\ c\ \{Q * R\}$$

Frame rule



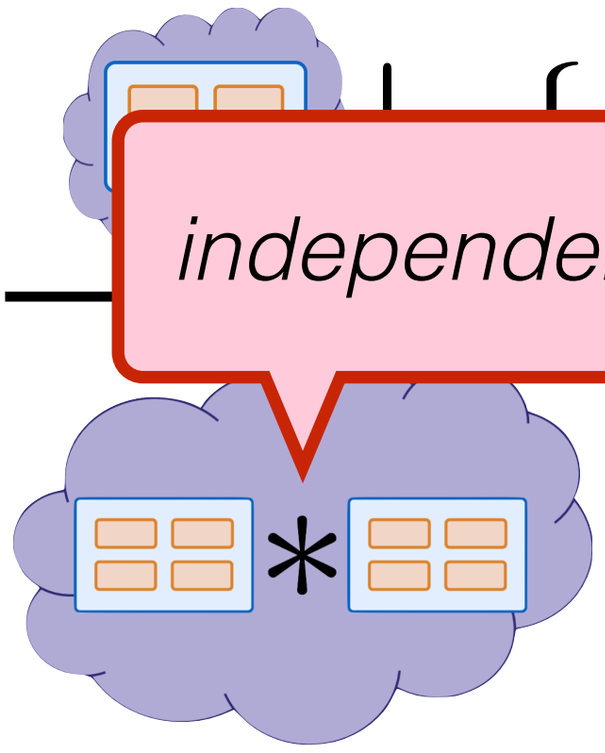
$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad R \text{ stable}$$



$$\vdash \{P * R\}\ c\ \{Q * R\}$$

Reuse invariants from component protocols

Frame rule

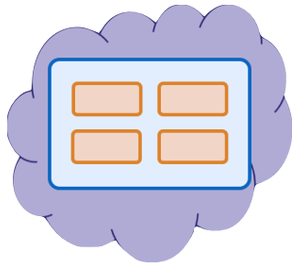


$$\frac{\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad R \text{ stable}}{\vdash \{P * R\}\ c\ \{Q * R\}}$$

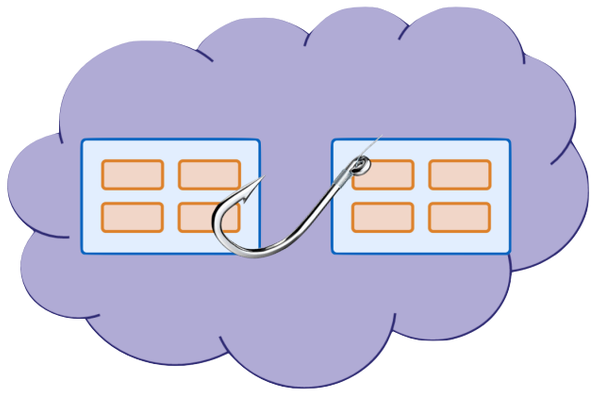
independent protocols

Reuse invariants from component protocols

Frame rule: Hooks

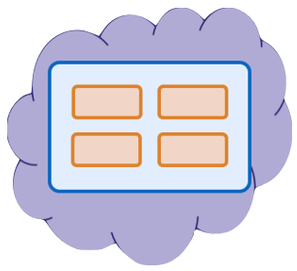


$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad R \text{ stable}$$

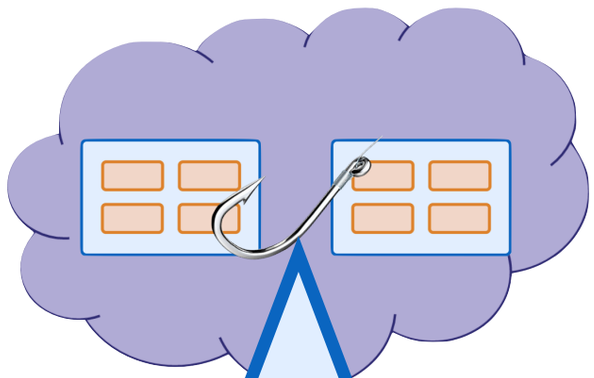


$$\vdash \{P{*}R\}\ c\ \{Q{*}R\}$$

Frame rule: Hooks



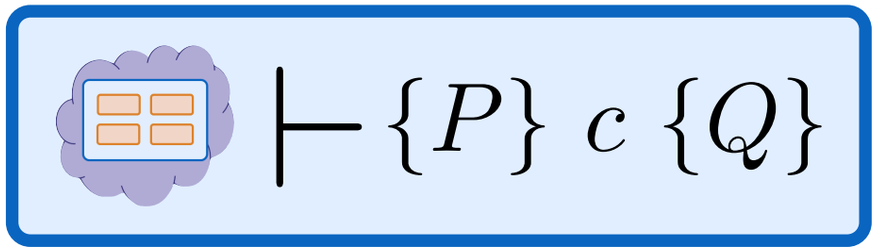
$$\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\} \qquad R \text{ stable}$$



$$\vdash \{P * R\}\ c\ \{Q * R\}$$

Allows one protocol to restrict another

Outline



Protocols and running example

Logical mechanisms

programming with protocols
invariants
framing and hooks

Implementation and future work

Implementation

Shallowly embedded in Coq

with full power of functional programming

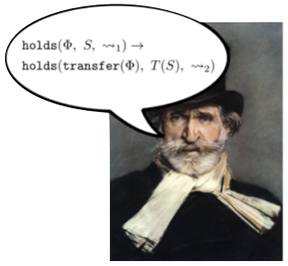
Executable via extraction to OCaml

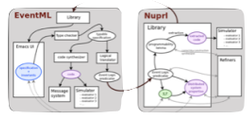
via trusted shim to implement semantics

Case study: two-phase commit

exercises all features of the logic

Related and Future Work





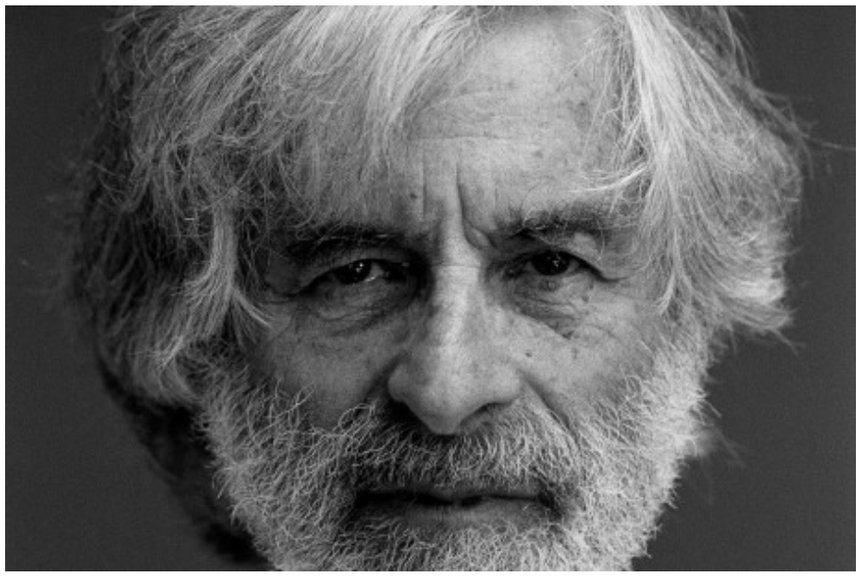
Concurrent separation logics

Iris, FCSL, CAP, …

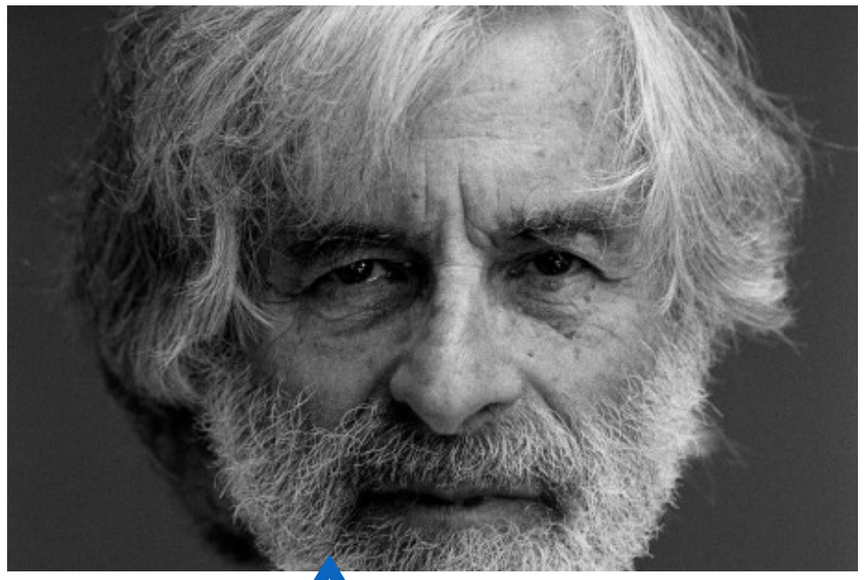
Adding other effects

e.g. mutable heap, threads, failure…

Composition: A way to make proofs harder



Composition: A way to make proofs harder



"In 1997, the unfortunate reality is that engineers rarely specify and reason formally about the systems they build. It seems unlikely that reasoning about the composition of open-system specifications will be a practical concern within the next 15 years."

Challenges

Client reasoning

Invariants

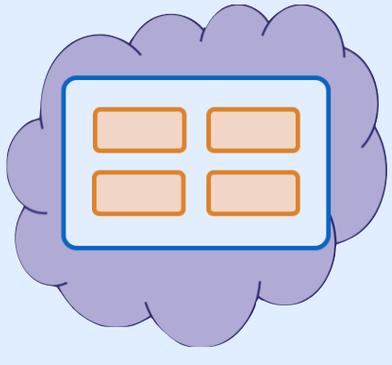
Separation

Solutions

Protocols

WithInv rule

Frame rule/Hooks

Disel:  $\vdash \{P\}\ c\ \{Q\}$